THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE

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VOL. VIII.—OLD SERIES. CHICAGO ILLINOIS, MO[illegible]

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The Daily Tribune.

ADVENTURE IN THE LOUISIANA SWAMPS.

(CONCLUDED.)

I lay in a state of stupor—almost unconscious, how long I know not, but many hours I am certain. I know this by the sun—it was going down when I awoke, if I may so term the recovery of my stricken senses. I was aroused by a strange circumstance; I was surrounded by dark objects of hideous shape and hue—reptiles they were. They had been before my eyes for some time, but I had not seen them. I had only a sort of dreamy consciousness of their presence; but I heard them at length; my ear was in better tune, and the strange noises they uttered reached my intellect. It sounded like the blowing of great bellows, with now and then a note harsher and louder, like the roaring of a bull. This startled me, and I looked up and bent my eyes upon the objects: they were forms of the *crocodilide*, the giant lizard—they were alligators.

Huge ones they were, many of them; and many were they in number—a hundred at least, were crawling over the islet, before, behind, and on all sides around me. Their long gaunt jaws and channeled snouts projected forward so as almost to touch my body, and their eyes, usually leaden, seemed now to glare.

Impelled by this new danger, I sprang to my feet, when, recognizing the upright form of man, the reptiles scuttled off, and plunging hurriedly into the lake, hid their hideous bodies under the water.

The incident in some measure revived me. I saw that I was not alone; there was company even in the crocodiles. I gradually became more myself, and began to reflect with some degree of coolness on the circumstances that surrounded me. My eyes wandered over the islet—every inch of it came under my glance—every object upon it was scrutinized—the moulted feathers of the wild fowl, the pieces of mud, the fresh water muscles (unios) strewed upon its beach—all were examined. Still the barren answer—no means of escape.

The islet was but the head of a sand bar, formed by the eddy—perhaps gathered together within the year. It was bare of herbage, with the exception of a few tufts of grass. There was neither tree nor bush upon it—not a stick. A raft indeed! There was not wood enough to make a raft that would have floated a frog. The idea of a raft was but briefly entertained—such a thought had certainly crossed my mind, but a single glance round the islet dispelled it before it had taken shape.

I paced my prison from end to end—from side to side I walked it over. I tried the water's depth; on all sides I sounded it, wading recklessly in everywhere, it deepened rapidly as I advanced. Three lengths of myself from the islet's edge, and I was up to my neck. The huge reptiles swam around, snorting and blowing; they were bolder in this element. I could not have waded safely ashore, even had the water been shallow. To swim it—no—even though I swam like a duck, they would have closed upon and quartered me before I could have made a dozen strokes. Horrified by their demonstrations I hurried back upon dry ground, and paced the islet with dripping garments.

I continued walking until night, which gathered around me dark and dismal. With night came new voices—the hideous voices of the nocturnal swamp; the qua-qua of the heron, the screech of the swamp owl, the cry of the bittern, the el-l-uk of the great water toad, the tinkling of the bell-frog, and the chirp of the savanah-cricket—all fell upon my ear. Sounds still harsher and more hideous were heard around me—the plashing of the aligator and the roaring of his voice—these reminded me that I must not go to sleep. To sleep! I durst not have slept for a single instant. Even when I lay for a few minutes motionless, the dark reptiles came crawling around me—so close that I could have put forth my hand and touched them.

At intervals I sprang to my feet, shouted, swept my gun around, and chased them back to the water, into which they betook themselves with a sullen plunge, but with little semblance of fear. At each fresh demonstration on my part they showed less alarm, until I could no longer drive them, either with shouts or threatening gestures. They only retreated a few feet, forming an irregular circle around me. Thus hemmed in, I became frightened in turn. I loaded my gun and fired—I killed none. They are impervious to a bullet, except in the eye or under the fore-arm. It was too dark to aim at these parts; and my shots glanced harmlessly from the pyramidal scales of their bodies. The loud report, however, and the blaze frightened them and they fled, to return again after a long interval. I was asleep when they returned; I had gone to sleep in spite of my efforts to keep awake. I was startled by the touch of something cold, and half stifled by a strong musky odor that filled the air. I threw up my arms—my fingers rested upon an object slippery and clammy; it was one of these monsters—one of gigantic size. He had crawled alongside me, and was preparing to make his attack, as I saw that he was bent in the form of a bow, and I knew that these creatures assume that attitude when about to strike their victim. I was just in time to spring aside, and avoid the stroke of his powerful tail, that the next moment swept the ground where I was lain. Again I fired, and he, with the rest, once more retreated to the lake.

All thought of going to sleep was at an end. Not that I felt wakeful; on the contrary wearied with my day's exertion—for I had had a long pull under a hot tropical sun—I could have laid down on the earth, in the mud, anywhere, and slept in an instant. Nothing but the dread—ful certainty of my peril kept me awake. Once again before morning, I was compelled to battle with the reptiles, and chase them away with a shot from my gun.

Morning came at length, but with it no change in my perilous position. The light only showed me my island prison, but revealed no way of escape from it. Indeed, the change could not be called for the better, for the fervid rays of an almost vertical sun burned down upon me until my skin blistered. I was already speckled by the bites of a thousand swamp flies and musketoes, that all night long had preyed upon me. There was not a cloud in the heavens to shade me; and the sunbeams smote the surface of the dead bayou with a double intensity. Towards evening I began to hunger. No wonder that, I had not eaten since leaving the village settlement. To assuage thirst, I drank the water of the lake, turbid and slimy as it was. I drank it in large quantities, for it was hot, and only moistened my palate without quenching the craving of my appetite. Of water there was enough—I had more to fear from the want of food.

What could I eat? The ibis! But how to cook it? There was nothing wherewith to make a fire—not a stick. No matter for that. Cooking is a modern invention, a luxury for pampered palates. I divested the ibis of its brilliant plumage, and ate it raw. I spoiled my specimen, but at this time there was little thought of that; there was not much of the naturalist left in me. I anathematized the hour I ever imbibed such a taste—I wished Audubon, and Buffon, and Cuvier, up to their necks in a swamp. The ibis did not weigh above three pounds, bones and all. It served me for a second meal, a breakfast; but at this *dejeuner trois fourchette* I picked the bones.

What next? starve? No—not yet. In the battles I had had with the alligators, during the second night, one of them had received a shot that proved mortal. The hideous carcass of the reptile lay dead upon the beach. I need not starve—I could eat that. Such were my reflections. I must hunger, though, before I could bring myself to touch the musky morsel. Two more days' fasting conquered my squeamishness. I drew out my knife, cut a steak from the alligator's tail and ate it—not the one I had first killed, but a second, the other was now putrid, rapidly decomposing under the hot sun; its odor filled the islet.

The stench had grown intolerable. There was not a breath of air stirring, otherwise I might have shunned it by keeping to windward. The whole atmosphere of the islet, as well as a large circle around it, was impregnated with this fearful effluvium. I could bear it no longer. With the aid of my gun, I pushed the half-decomposed carcass into the lake; perhaps the current might carry it away. It did. I had the satisfaction to see it float off. The circumstance led me into a train of reflections. Why did the body of the alligator float? It was swollen—inflated with gases. Ha!

An idea shot suddenly through my mind, one of those brilliant ideas—the children of necessity. I thought of the floating alligator, of its intestines—what if I inflated them! Yes, yes! buoys and bladders, floats and life-preservers! that was the thought. I would open the alligators, make a buoy of their intestines, and that would bear me from the islet.

I did not lose a moment's time—I was full of energy. Hope had given me new life. My gun was loaded—a huge crocodile that came nearest the shore received the shot in his eye. I dragged him on the beach; with my knife I laid open his entrails. [illegible] a plume-quill, from the wing of the ibis served for a blow-pipe. I saw the bladder-like skin expanded, until I was surrounded with objects like great sausages. These were tied together and fastened to my body, and then with a plunge I entered the waters of the lake.

and floated [illegible] person [illegible] in an [illegible] hand[illegible] in case [illegible] but I had chosen the [illegible] these creatures lie in a half [illegible] my joy I was not molested. Half an [illegible] ing with the current carried me to the [illegible] the bayou. Here, to my great delight, I [illegible] my boat in the swamp where it had been caught and held fast by the sedges. A few minutes more, and I swung myself over the gunwale, and was sculling with eager strokes down the smooth waters of the bayou.

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The Sultan had represented to the Ambassadors of Foreign Governments, that he desired to settle the difficulties with Russia peaceably; but as his ancestors had gained their Empire by the sword, the Turks would perish in its support—or if fate ordained that their country should fall to another master, they would quit Europe as they entered it—sword in hand.

The opinion is that the French and English will allow the Turks and Russians to fight their own battles, but if the Turks are defeated will prevent the Russians from marching on Constantinople. With this view, a protecting force might occupy a strong position between Brousa on the Danube and Kostendge on the Black Sea, or they may perhaps occupy Rodosta on the Sea of Marmora or Riestchant.

Neither France nor England are arming openly, but the forces of both countries are in a very effective condition.

The Russians on their part are active. Gen. Luders had arrived at the camp. The troops were in motion up the river. Fifteen Battalions of Infantry with 31 pieces of Artillery had marched through Bucharest. Prince Gortschakoff it was reported, had in effect annexed the Principalities, having formerly notified the Hospodars, that Prince Menchikoff will in future administer the Government. The remaining Russian officials had left Turkey. Thirty thousand Redifs under the French Colonel Magnan had been pushed forward to the Bosnian frontier to watch the movements of Prince Daniel of Montenegro, who is again arming.

There was a rumor, (but it was disbelieved,) that the Porte had appointed Dembinski and Klapka, the Hungarian Generals, to high commands.

All the offers of volunteers received by the Turkish Embassador at London are politely and thankfully acknowledged, but no hope had been held out to the parties that their services will be accepted. The Turkish Government will probably decline such aid, if regular assistance be given by the French and English Governments.

Conflicting reports are received from Persia; the latest advices say the Shah, acting on the advice of the British Minister, had rejected the request of Russia to take up arms against the Turks.

The London Sun says that the American Consul at Smyrna had opposed the removal of Koszta to America.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The Queen had returned to London, and all the Ministers were assembled there, but it was not intended to summon Parliament, unless events became more threatening.

A Cabinet Council of five hours' duration was held on Saturday, the 8th, and again on Wednesday, the 12th, but the proceedings had not transpired.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer assisted at the inauguration of the Peel statue at Manchester, and spoke at length on the Turkish question, mystifying what particular course England would take in the coming struggle, but admitting that it is England's duty to set itself against the absorption of power by Russia that would follow the fall of Turkey, and significantly hinting that England would not enter into the deep questions which may develope themselves out of the peculiar internal organization of the Ottoman Porte. He expressed a strong anxiety for peace.

The Peace Conference was in session at Edinburgh. Messrs. Cobden, Bright, Sturge, Burritt, and other peace apostles were present.

The Sheffield manufacturers had memorialized the Government against war and in aid of Turkey.

The quarterly meetings of the iron masters of Birmingham, on the 15th, reported the trade healthy—prices were firm—stock low, and the market considerably restricted by colliers' strike.

Turkish hostilities will be immediately followed by a rise in prices. The cotton mills at Preston were to be temporarily closed by the owners to starve their operatives into submission.—The number of turnouts in the manufacturing districts will then number nearly 5,000, who must soon be driven back by hunger to their work.

FRANCE.

The Emperor and his wife are at Compeigne for a fortnight. At Amiens the religious solemnity of transferring the bones of St. Theodosia called together twenty-seven Archbishops and Bishops, French, and foreign.

AUSTRIA.

Austria continues to augment its forces on the Turkish frontier, and the supposition revives, that in the event of hostilities she will attempt to occupy Servia, which territory is disaffected toward Russia.

A letter says, the ship Koszta is in is the Race Horse of Baltimore.

The question on American citizenship is to be discussed soon at Vienna.

ITALY.

Numerous arrests were recently made in the Venetian Provinces, and the prisoners were taken to Verona. Four persons, supposed to be revolutionary agents, were arrested at Inspruck, with forty thousand florins in their possession.

TURIN.

Turin papers mention the discovery of Mazzini plots at Sarzana to invade Piedmont, but the story seems fabulous.

Guardini, the Jesuit condemned to death at Naples for his share in the revolution of the 4th, has escaped to Turin, after four years concealment.

Miss Cunningham was liberated from prison at Florence.

Count Cesar Saluzzi, an eminent author, is dead.

The Papal Government has forbidden the export of wine.

NAPLES.

Naples is threatened with scarcity and the Government contemplates buying grain.

THE LATEST.

[*By Submarine Telegraph.*]

PARIS BOURSE, Friday.—Closing rates, 3 ℔ cent. Rentes, 73,25; 4½ ℔ cents, 100; Bank Shares, 26,00. To-day, the Bourse rose 1½ ℔ cent.

The Overland Mail from India is telegraphed. It says that Commodore Perry's squadron reached Japan on the 8th of July, and left again on the 17th. They were well received, but the opening of Japan is postponed till next spring.

A large meeting has been held in London in favor of Turkey. Thousands attended.

Formal complaint has been made to the Pope respecting Father Gavazzi in New York.

The duty has been taken off breadstuffs in Tuscany.

From the Cleveland Herald, 28th.

MARINE.

The small schooner *Whig* went ashore last night outside the East pier. She is loaded with lumber, and will be easily got off.

The *Democrat* says:—"The schooner *Ceres*, loaded with 240 tons of railroad iron for the Ohio & Indiana Railroad, was sunk in the Cuyahoga last Saturday, by being snagged upon one of the piles of the new bridge. She lies above the proposed bridge, in about ten feet of water. A strong force is engaged in unloading her, and when their work is completed, she will no doubt be easily raised. The *Ceres* is owned in Oswego, and insured in Buffalo. She is a new vessel, launched last Spring."

The propeller *Northern Michigan*, from Oswego, met with heavy weather upon Lake Erie on Saturday night, lost her anchor and damaged her deck load of groceries and furniture. It was most of it owned in Cleveland, and is to-day being unloaded at the dock of I. N. Halliday.

The schooner *Isabella*, loaded with wheat, went ashore at Fairport on Saturday night.

The steamer *Queen City* is reported in the Detroit *Advertiser*, as having sunk in Erie harbor on Friday morning, in thirty feet water.

AN AGE OF PROGRESS.—A negro in Red River county, Texas, committed murder on Monday, Sept. 26, was indicted on Tuesday, tried on Wednesday, and hung on Thursday.

[illegible]

CALIFORNIA.

[illegible] Eighteen deserters from the U. S. frigate Columbus had been arrested on the Musquito coast, where they had been creating a disturbance, and had been carried to Aspinwall in irons.

Jas. Foly, a passenger by the Illinois, was murdered at a native ranche, near Cardenas.

By this arrival, we have later news from the Pacific coast. The Peruvian government had promised full satisfaction for the outrage at the Chincha Islands; but Mr. Clay being dissatisfied with its course, said he had referred the matter to his own government.

The Amazon gold excitement continued.

Advices from Melbourne to Aug. 3d say, there was a great scarcity of laborers, and such were receiving as high as $8 a day. There was no improvement in the markets there. Stocks were large. A large decline had taken place in all kinds of liquors.

Accounts from the diggings were favorable.

ONE DAY LATER FROM CALIFORNIA.

ARRIVAL OF THE MEXICO.

The steamship Mexico has arrived at the Balize, bringing advices from San Francisco to Oct. 1st, being sixteen days later than the accounts received by the El Dorado.

The news came over the new Mexican or Ramsey route, and has occupied about 24 days in its transmission.

The trip will be accomplished at least one week sooner, when the arrangements are all completed, which it is thought will be in a few weeks.

The steamship Pacific, of the Nicaragua line, sailed from San Francisco on the 1st inst., for San Juan, with nearly 500 passengers, and $1,500,000 in gold and freight.

She would connect with the Northern Light at San Juan, and the latter would sail immediately after for New York.

The steamship Panama left San Francisco on the 30th ult., with a full list of passengers and over $1,000,000 in gold dust.

The amount in these two vessels, with that in the hands of passengers, would make the semi-monthly shipment nearly if not over $3,000,000 in gold.

The general news by this vessel is of more than usual interest.

Great disappointment is expressed on the receipt of intelligence from Washington that the Cabinet were divided upon the question of the Pacific railroad.

The Indians in Northern California, as also in South Oregon, had combined their forces, and threatened a desperate war against the white population. Several battles between the opposing parties had already taken place, but the Indians in each engagement were overpowered and defeated. This had exasperated them still more against the whites, and a war of extermination had been proclaimed.

Trade at San Francisco, and throughout California, was very dull, owing, in part, to a continued tightness of the money market, and large arrivals of goods from the Atlantic cities.

The crops throughout the State were in the most flourishing condition, and a large yield was confidently anticipated.

The intelligence from the mining districts continued favorable, and the miners generally were doing well.

The weather in California was fair, and building was progressing in San Francisco with great activity.

Intelligence from New Orleans, relative to the awful ravages of the yellow fever, had created a deep feeling of sympathy, and liberal collections had been made in aid of the sufferers.

The health of San Francisco was unusually good.

Among the passengers from San Francisco by the Northern Light, was Major Fitzgerald, of the United States Army.

The quartz mines in Grass Valley were paying better than at any previous period. Rich and valuable discoveries have also been made on Lake Valley.

The brig Arrow has been seized at San Francisco on suspicion of being engaged in a fillibuster expedition against Sonora.

The crops in the interior of California had been harvested in good condition. The average yield was fully up to the largest expectations.

Emigrants via the Plains continued pouring into San Francisco, in immense numbers. Their health was generally good, and but little sickness was experienced along the route.

Capt. Valdes, of the United States Coast Survey, had been murdered by the Mexicans.

OREGON.

The dates from Oregon are to the 26th.

The Yumas and Cocopa Indians were at war with each other.

An engagement had taken place in which the Yumas were victorious.

A battle had also been fought between the Rifle Rangers and the Applegate Indians, the result of which was a loss to the latter of 14, and to the former 1.

The people of Oregon were generally in favor of a war of extermination—that being the only way to stop forever these continued hostilities.

Major Haldeman had succeeded in concluding a treaty with the Indians on the Humboldt river.

SANDWICH ISLANDS.

The Sandwich Island papers report the arrival of a large number of Russian emigrants.

The ravages of the small pox continued, but to a far less frightful extent.

The whaling season had thus far proved very bad, and but little oil had been made, owing to the scarcity of whales.

The returned whalers from the Arctic Sea, generally, give up all hope of receiving further intelligence from Sir John Franklin. The Esquimaux, with whom they have conversed, were also of the same opinion.

The latest accounts report that the King had refused to abolish his ministry. The greatest excitement prevailed, and serious trouble was anticipated.

CHINA.

The *Alta California* contains late advices from China, which represents the insurgents as still successful.

FURTHER FROM CALIFORNIA.

We have the following intelligence from California, by the *Texas*, which brings dates to the 30th September.

Madam Pfeiffer, the celebrated traveler, arrived at San Francisco on the 28th September.

Advices from Utah say the Indians continued troublesome, and had committed many depredations at Salt Lake.

The amount collected at San Francisco for the relief of New Orleans, was $7,700.

The citizens of San Francisco had adopted the new charter.

The trouble with the Rouge River Indians [illegible]

Capt. John Valder, formerly of the coast survey, had been murdered near Pulger Ranch, by a party of Mexicans. Some of the party had been arrested.

A severe fight between the Indians and whites occurred near Jacksonville, on the 12th September. Thos. Philips, formerly of Chester county, Pa., was killed.

Advices from San Diego say that emigrants by the southern route continued, but no difficulty was experienced in crossing the desert owing to abundance of water and grass.

The whaling news is favorable. Two American whalers, the Liverpool and the Susan, were lost; their crews were saved.

The ship Plover, of the Arctic expedition, was seen in the Arctic sea, on the 15th August.

The brig Arrow was seized at San Francisco, suspected of being engaged in the expedition to Sonora.

Advices from the Sandwich Islands say the King still refused to dismiss the Ministers, and that a revolution was thought certain.

It was reported that 12000 Russians were preparing to emigrate to the Sandwich Islands, under the auspices of the Emperor of Mexico.

The revolution in Yucatan had been suppressed.

The Spanish Minister had suspended relations with the Mexican Government, and had left the capital. The cause of the difficulty [illegible]

The Indian savages continue in Durango and New Leon.

A TRAIN OF LOCOMOTIVES.—It is but a few years since a train drawn by a locomotive was a novelty in the United States, and yet last evening we saw a *train of locomotives* upon a track which two years since was not completed. The train came up from Erie, under the direction of Mr. March Kasson, junior partner of the firm of W. M. Kasson & Son.

The train was composed of seven locomotives, worth over $60,000. The Raritan was at the head, and furnished the propelling power. The Niagara and Hudson, for the Mad River and Lake Erie Railroad Company, came next. The St. Louis and Wabash, for the Terre Haute and Richmond Road, followed; "No. 17," for the Chicago and Mississippi Road, was next; and "No. 37," for Illinois Central, closed the train.—*Cleveland Herald, 28th.*

GREAT FIRE IN PROVIDENCE.

LOSS $500,000.

JOURNAL OFFICE, PROVIDENCE,
Thursday, Oct. 27.

The fire last night in the Howard Block, on Westminster st., broke out about 11 o'clock, and has been most disastrous in its results.

The Howard Block was composed of ten buildings and was the finest in the State. It was entirely destroyed.

The flames communicated to the Museum, which was also destroyed, and the two story wooden building adjoining the Museum was greatly injured by the falling of the Museum wall.

The three-story wooden block next to the Howard Block was likewise consumed.

The fire extended back to Exchange place, sweeping the entire square, and destroying a number of wooden buildings.

The following are the chief sufferers: Geo. A. Howard, $80,000 on buildings and $30,000 to $40,000 on stock—insured for $52,000; Wm. A. Howard, $95,000—insured; A. M. Leland, music dealer, loss $10,000—insured for $2,000; G. L. Dwight, owner of the Museum building, $30,000—insured for $15,000; Wm. C. Forbes, lessee of the Museum, $2,000 to $3,000; James Hodges carpet dealer, $20,000.

Messrs. Tyler & Co., furniture dealers, $26,000.

James M. Bostwick, confectioner, $22,000.

C. F. Atkinson, fancy goods, $10,000.

Wm. Ellis, druggist, $200.

W. H. Law, boots and shoes, $7,000.

And numerous others of smaller amounts, among them Calda, druggist; Dr. Jonathan Smith; Taber, music dealer; Southwick, clothing; S. H. Wales, jeweler, and others.

The total loss is estimated at from $300,000 to $500,000. Amount of insurance not yet ascertained.

THE JAPAN EXPEDITION.

From the New York Tribune.

We have received no letters intended for publication from Mr. Bayard Taylor since he joined the Japan fleet, but a private note from him, dated on June 26th, at the habor of Napa Kiang, Loo Choo, states very briefly a few facts of interest, which it is not improper for us to communicate to our readers. He writes as follows: "Behold me here, in this remote and rarely visited corner of the Pacific, sweating under torrid sun, clothed in the lightest undress uniform allowed by the navy regulations, and living from hand to mouth, now on salt horse and sea-biscuit, and now on turtle steaks and wild boar cutlets. I have not been two months in the service, but its orderly, artificial life is so new and peculiar, so different from all my previous experience, that, although I am tolerably at home in it, the time seems greatly prolonged. I have, in fact, seen and done a great deal since leaving Shanghai. We sailed on the 17th of May, leaving the Plymouth there, and after a detention of three days at the mouth of the Yang-tse-Kiang, sailed direct for this place, as the South-western corner of the Great Loo Choo Island, where we arrived on the 26th.

Probably not more than a dozen vessels had ever been here before, and the arrival of our two great steamers, with the Saratoga and Supply, created, as you may suppose, an immense sensation. Loo Choo is tributary to the Japanese Prince of Satsuma, and the people are Japanese in dress, customs and government, though not, I think, in race. They approximate nearer to the Malay. After the Regent had been received on board, and a good understanding established, the Commodore appointed a party of four—of whom I was one—to explore the interior of the island. No white man had ever been more than three miles from Napan before. We took four men and some Chinese Coolies with us, and started on a six days' tramp, during which we made 108 miles, and thoroughly explored more than one-half the island. We were attended by government officers, who acted as spies, but did not attempt to control our movements. We led them such a dance as they never had before, but it was impossible to escape their espionage. Scouts were sent in advance wherever we went, and the natives driven away from the road.

The inhabitants either shut up their houses, or hid themselves—not through fear of us, as many little incidents proved, but of their rulers. The island is one of the most beautiful in the world, very fertile, admirably cultivated, and combining in its scenery the characteristics both of the tropic and temperate zones. We discovered a ruined castle, 550 feet in length, on the summit of a mountain, besides many ancient tombs, hewn in the rocks. The northern part of the island is mountainous, and covered with dense forests, in which wild boars are found.—The trip was altogether the most fantastic and peculiar I ever made. We took a tent, but lodged most in the *cung-qua's*, or government houses, which are very neat and comfortable.—Our native escort furnished us with provisions, and bearers for our baggage. On Monday, the 6th inst., the Commodore returned the Regent's visit at Shendi, the royal residence, three miles from here. He went in state, with a procession of more than two hundred officers, seamen, and marines, with two field pieces and two bands.—Great numbers of the natives came to witness our array.

We entered the royal castle at Shendi, but did not see either the young Prince or the Queen Dowager. After the reception, we had a grand native dinner at the Regent's house. I partook of 31 nondescript dishes, and was obliged to stop. Everything passed off remarkably well. We left here on the 9th for the Bonin Archipelago, 800 miles to the eastward of this, taking the Saratoga in tow, and leaving the Mississippi and Supply behind. After a delightful voyage of five days we reached Port Lloyd, the harbor of Peel Island, where we remained four days.—I was appointed to the command of an exploring party. The island is only six miles long, but very rugged, and covered with the densest tropical vegetation. I never had such a hard day's work in my life, although we only travelled twelve miles. I had seven men—officers and seamen—with me. Two of them broke down completely, a third barely dragged himself along, and the others were woefully fatigued.

We climbed down a mile of precipices by holding on to the corners of rocks and the roots of trees, shot a wild boar, kindled a fire and roasted his flesh, and had a grand time generally.—The Bonin Islands are of volcanic formation, and though in lat. 27° N., the vegetation is that which is found elsewhere near the Equator. The inhabitants, 30 in all—are English, American, and Kanakas—mostly runaway sailors, who raise a few vegetables which they sell to sailors. Port Lloyd is a splendid and secure harbor, and the only one in all this part of the Pacific which will answer as a stopping place and calling station for our new Pacific steamers, if they get under way. We can even afford to lose the chance of a station in Japan, if we get Port Lloyd.

Altogether, I have employed my time pleasantly and profitably since entering the service. We returned on the 23d, and found the Plymouth in from Shanghai with the mails—my first news from home in nearly seven months.—We leave here for Jeddo in three days. The length of our stay is of course uncertain, but as soon as I get back again to some Chinese port, I shall resign, and make straight across the Pacific. I have a mighty hunger to get back to Civilization. I am tired to death of barbarians, especially of the Chinese, with their monstrosities and abominations, and I suppose the Japanese are not much better. What I see of the operation of the Japanese laws in Loo Choo disgusts me. I think we shall certainly sail on Wednesday, and spend our Fourth of July in the Bay of Jeddo. Amateur theatricals to-morrow night on board the Mississippi."

APPLICATION OF ELECTRICITY TO WEAVING.—An important improvement has recently been announced in Italy, consisting of the application of electricity to the Jacquard loom, in a manner which combines simplicity with economy, to a remarkable degree. The inventor of this method is Signor Bonelli, the General Director of the Sardinian telegraph. In the Jacquard loom, the figures are produced by a movement on a pedal operated by the weaver himself, instead of employing children, as in the old way, to draw the threads under the loom. This improved method, however, is not without defects. For instance, with the passage of every thread, a cartoon of a certain size is necessary pierced with holes arranged so as to correspond with the design.—These cartoons are not a little expensive, as for certain designs 60,000 are requisite, and for the least complicated colors about 1,500 are usually employed, costing 15 francs a hundred. But the expense is not the only objection. They make a hideous noise in working, require a large scaffolding and take up a great deal of room.—The machinery, moreover, is very complicated and easily gets out of order.

All these difficulties are prevented by the application of electricity. It avoids the use of complicated mechanism, of cartoons, and in fact of machinery almost altogether. The threads by a pedal, as with the present arrangement, and by means of a fine copper wire, are subject to a current of electricity which does the work alone.

The Signory steps to procure a patent for this invention in Europe and the United States have been commenced, and as soon as they are completed, the *electrical loom* will be exhibited to the public at Turin.

THE RIVERS.—The river opposite the city is slowly receding, but with little over 4 feet of water in the channel to Cairo. The Republic, in last evening, from La Salle, reports but 24 inches on the bars in the Illinois, and the water steadily falling. The Upper Mississippi is falling rapidly, and is now at a lower stage than at any time for several years past. The Missouri is also low and receding slowly.—*St. Louis Republican, 28th.*

ACCIDENT.—A stage [illegible] with nine passengers [illegible] ran away, yesterday morning, a couple miles east of this city. The coach was upset; several of the passengers and driver were severely injured; one of the horses was killed. [illegible]

THE "COMPROMISE" SWINDLE.

Only two years ago this vast Union was convulsed from its centre to its verge by an effort to pass through Congress a series of Measures for the protection and pacification of Slavery.—The solicitude in reference to these "Compromise measures" was universal and overwhelming. Old party-walls were broken down. Popular feeling upon all other questions was merged in this. The great political lights of the Republic—Statesmen high in character and position—proclaimed the Union in danger, and no sacrifice was deemed too great for its preservation.—Laws against which all that is generous in civilized humanity revolts, were enacted, to which freemen were required to give a *cheerful* support. To such an extent was public opinion aroused, that a Compromise candidate, running against a most gallant chieftain who had led our armies against England and Mexico to victory and conquest, himself as devoted a patriot as lives, was rushed almost by acclamation into the Presidency.

But here, the play having been "played out," the curtain falls! The "Compromise" President, forgetting all his political antecedents, patches up a mixed Cabinet, with Caleb Cushing, the most unscrupulous demagogue in the Union, as his confidential man. "Disunionists" and "Free-Soilers," to the exclusion of "Compromise" men, are the recipients of Executive favor. In this State, Ex-Senator Dickenson, and his friends, the extreme Unionists are proscribed. This occasions a split in the Democratic party, the "National Democrats" taking the field in defence of their principles, with the "Barnburners" as antagonists.

The "Barnburners," who defeated the Election of Gen. Cass avowedly on account of his Slavery predilections, and who opposed the "Compromise Measures," are recognized at Washington as the Democratic Party; and Collector Bronson, who has ever been a "Compromise" man and stands on the "Baltimore Platform," is removed from Office for giving his support to the "National Democratic" Ticket!

Are we not justified, by these facts, in pronouncing the "Compromise" a swindle? It is not evident that men availed themselves of it for political aggrandisement?

But the strangest feature in this "Swindle" is the fact, that the Democracy of the south is a party to it! The South sustains the administration in its abandonment of the men who stood by them in what was held to be a vital issue!

This may answer a temporary purpose. It will enable them to make the most of the present Administration. But does Slavery exist for the present only? Are there no more ordeals to pass? Are all its perils over? Who will respond to their next cry of danger to the Union? Where are the Northern champions for the next "Compromise?" Who will take the chances of ruin at the North, to be again betrayed by the South?

These questions may be disregarded now, but at no distant day their significance will be fully realized.—*Alb. Eve. Jour.*

BLOODY RIOT.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 26.

Last evening a bloody riot occured three miles East of Washington. A party of Connaught Irish were passing along the National Road to work on the Hempfield Railway, and were attacked by the hands on section twenty-nine, of the latter road, who were Corkonians. Two men had their skulls broken and were otherwise injured. One of them is not expected to live.—The military were called out, and fifty arrests were made to-day. The prisoners are now undergoing an examination. There is great excitement.

THE PRESS AND THE PEOPLE'S TICKET.—The following papers have published and warmly commend the Peoples Ticket:—Milwaukee *Sentinel*, Madison *Journal*, Watertown *Chronicle*, Fond du Lac *Herald*, and Beloit *Journal*, (Whig); the Milwaukee *Free Democrat*, Janesville *Free Press*, Racine *Advocate*, Kenosha *Telegraph*, and Oshkosh *Democrat*, (Free Democratic); the Watertown *Register* (Democratic), and the Waukesha *Independent Press*, (Independent). We have no doubt that many other papers in the State will adopt the ticket, as soon as the intelligence of the movement reaches them. The manner in which it has been received thus far shows how strong and general is the desire of the People to save the State from falling into the clutches of Barstow, Dennis & Co.—*Milwaukee Sentinel.*

☞ Alfred Underhill and Fountain Carpenter, are undergoing an examination as we go to press, before H. R. Pattibone, Esq., on a charge of murder. The person alleged to to have been murdered was a brother of Underhill, and half-brother of Carpenter; all residents of Lodi, in this county.—*Badger State, Oct. 22d.*

SINEWS OF IRON.—We wandered into a machine shop yesterday. Everywhere, up stairs and down stairs, *intelligent* machines were doing the work once done by thinking and toiling men. In one place a chuckle-headed affair, looking like an elephant's frontispiece, was quietly biting bars of cold iron in two, as if they had been so many oaten straws.

In another place, a fierce little thing, with a spindle-shaped weapon—a sort of mechanical "Devils Darning Needle"—was boring *square* holes through solid wooden wheels, three inches or more in thickness.

Away there, in a corner, a device about as large and as noisy as a humming bird, was amusing itself cutting out pieces of steel from solid plates, as easily as children puncture paper patterns with a pin.

All by itself, in another place, was a machine that whistled like a boatswain, and rough boards came forth, planed, grooved, finished, ready for a place in something, *somewhere*, for somebody.

Everywhere these queer machines were busy, doing all sorts of things in all sorts of ways, boring and planing, and grooving and mortising; turning and beading, and sharpening and sawing.

Down stairs, in a room by itself, as if it would be alone, we found the grand mover of all these machines.

In a corner, some distance from the genius we write of, a fire was burning, perhaps to keep it "just comfortable" and *perhaps* not.

It was very busy—the thing was—moving an arm of polished steel, backward and forward over a frame equally polished and glittering; as one in thought sitting by a table passes his fingers to and fro along the smooth surface of the mahogany.

We said it was busy, and so it was; busy doing nothing. It went nowhere, it hammered nothing, planed nothing, ground nothing, but just passed its ponderous arm backward and forward. It neither ate nor spoke, but there, from "early morn to dewy eve," it timed the toil going on, everywhere around and above it.

There were, indeed, a few men made of flesh, sixty or so, here and there, about the establishment, *furnishing* rather than *doing* the work.

That thing with the iron arm works the wonders. It will work more.—*Tribune.*

☞ This invocation will find an echo in many a sad heart:—

"Music for the *mourner!* Not the wild measures that lead the dance, or that arouse wrath in the tempest of battle. O, no! Soft as angel whisperings, and plaintive as the meanings of the anguished heart. Let them murmur of blighted hope and buried love, till the crushed feelings are identified with the sympathetic strain. But bid not the thought long wander in the grave. Let the melody embodied, as it were, into a thousand varied hues, gild the portals of the tomb, and stream like to auroral glory, toward Heaven."

FEMALE PRINTERS.—Some cynical member of the craft has been drawing up a set of rules for lady printers, and smuggling them into the country papers. They will be found below:

Rules for Lady Printers.—1. Must be at the office whenever required. 2. No reading of motto papers and love stories during the working hours. 3. No 'hand' shall be allowed to have her beau in the office to see her set type, at any time. 4. No matter how gifted a 'hand' may be at making pies at home, if she makes *pi* in the office she shall be compelled to assort it. 5. No 'hand' shall sit in the sanctum longer than to procure copy, unless requested by the editor.—6. No attempting to kiss the editor for the sake of 'clean copy.' He will use his prerogative to kiss all 'hands,' as occasion may require. 7. Ladies who bring their dinner shall not make a dining saloon of the sanctum, nor use proof paper for a table cloth. 8. Any lady 'hand' about to emigrate to the state of Matrimony, shall give at least one month's notice, that her place may be supplied by another. 9. No married woman will be allowed to work in the office, provided it be known. 10. No lady shall be allowed to laugh at the motion of another at the 'case.' 11. No smoking, chewing, or dram drinking allowed in the office. 12. No gossiping, quarreling, pulling of hair, scratching of faces, or singing love songs during working hours; and no lady shall have free admission to, or orders for the theatre, opera, or other places of amusement unless accompanied by a gentleman.

To which some Sybarite adds:—"Our rules for lady printers would be very different to the above. We would not require them to participate in the ordinary drudgery of type-setting.—Their sole duty should be the 'distribution of one, two, and three em braces.'"

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS HAVE EFFECTED A WONDERFUL CURE OF A DREADFUL SWELLING.

[illegible]

MARRIED.

In Waukegan, Ill., 17th inst., by the Rev. Mr. French, Mr. FREDERICK A. HOWE, Jr., of Chicago, and Miss MARY ANNA L., daughter of Brainard Spencer, Esq., of the former place.

TELEGRAPHIC!

THE Southern Michigan Telegraph Line, with reliable connections extending throughout the Eastern and Southern States, and the Canadas, is now fully prepared to do any business that may offer, with promptness and dispatch, equaled by no other Line.

OFFICE—At Mellen & Co.'s News Depot, one door south of the Post Office, 53 Clark Street.

NO WONDER HE WAS THANKFUL.
READ AND JUDGE FOR YOURSELVES.

ROCHESTER, Oct. 19, 1852.

☞ GENTLEMEN—Having experienced the beneficial effects of Dr. McLane's Celebrated Liver Pills, I take great pleasure in recommending them to the public. I feel warranted in saying that they *are a certain cure for liver complaint and all bilious diseases*, no matter how difficult or long standing. I myself was afflicted with this dreadful disease for over two years, and oh! how thankful I am that I heard of these Pills. I purchased of one of your agents three boxes, and before I had finished the third box, was completely cured. I verily believe, but for Dr. McLane's Liver Pills, I should have now been in my grave; but as it is, I am now enjoying the best of health, and stand a living witness of the efficiency of DR. McLANE'S LIVER PILLS. Besides recovering my health, I consider that I have saved in pocket some two or three hundred dollars physicians' fee.

This testimony I give you with the greatest pleasure, and hope it may do something towards making these invaluable Pills known to all who are suffering with liver complaint.

P. S. Dr. McLane's Celebrated Liver Pills, also Dr. McLane's Celebrated Vermifuge, can now be had at all the respectable Drug Stores in this city.

☞ Purchasers will please be careful to ask for, and take none but Dr. McLane's Vermifuge and Liver Pills.—All others, in comparison, are worthless.

☞ FARM GREEN has long been celebrated for its durability and brilliancy of color, and now with the improvements added to it by L. S. Root & Co., it is all that can be desired or looked for in its way. The Proprietors advertise in another part of our paper.

☞ See HELVETIA & LAFAYETTE Gold Mining Co., in New York column.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO & ROCK ISLAND R. R. Co.,
Joliet, Ill., Nov. 1st, 1853.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Chicago and Rock Island Railroad Company, for the election of Directors, and the transaction of such other business as may be presented, will be held at the Tremont House, in the City of Chicago, on Monday the 19th day of December, 1853, commencing at eleven o'clock, A. M.

JOHN B. JERVIS, President.

N. D. ELWOOD, Sec'y.

For New Books,
CHEAP PUBLICATIONS AND MAGAZINES, LITERARY AND NEWSPAPERS, CALL AT
Danenhower's,
NO. 123, LAKE STREET

FOR INSURANCE
In Responsible Eastern Companies,
Call on KING & SMITH,
53........CLARK STREET........53.
☞ Losses liberally adjusted and promptly paid.

FATHER GAVAZZI.

THIS celebrated Italian Priest and Patriot, will Lecture at Warner's Hall, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday evenings next.

☞ Tickets can be had at the principal Book Stores.

NOTICE.

ON and after Tuesday, November 1st, the Store of the undersigned will be closed in the evenings at 8 o'clock during the Fall and Winter. T. B. CARTER.

LOST.

A RECEIPT BOOK.—If returned to No. 41 State street the finder will be rewarded. BUTLER & HUNT.

TO RENT.

A BRICK STORE on the Alley between Lake and Randolph streets, very suitable for a Mechanic's Shop. Likewise the Cellar above. Apply to R. COWPER, House and Land Agent, 39 Clark st.

GREAT SUCCESS,
AND POSITIVELY THE LAST WEEK!

MADAME BLANCHE, the most scientific and skilful Astrologist in the world, will remain in the city during the present week. In the meantime, she can be consulted on the past, present and future events of life—Love, Courtship, Marriage, Lawsuits, Business, Sickness or Death, &c. [illegible] Merchants' Hotel, La Salle st.—Gentlemen $1. Ladies 50 cents.

Fresh Oysters.

THOSE fine Fair Haven Oysters are continually arriving, and I shall hereafter have a constant supply. Wholesale and Retail. J. R. BOGGS.

Oysters! Oysters!! Oysters!!!

FRESH Oysters received every morning by Express, at the Excelsior Saloon, No. 9 Clark st.
Fresh Shell Oysters, per doz..........25 cents.
Stewed ....
☞ Game of all kinds served up at short notice.
H. A. LAYTON & CO., No. 9 Clark st.

Philadelphia Confectionary.

ANOTHER fresh supply Chauveau's fine Confectionary. Consisting in part of Cream Candy, Mint Candy, Raspberry Balls, fine Almonds, Chocolate Sticks, &c. Received and for sale by McMILLAN, Corner Randolph and State sts.

Le Brun's Promenades.
TREMONT HALL.

SUBSCRIBERS are informed that the series will commence on THURSDAY EVENING, November 3, 1853, and will be continued till concluded.

☞ Overture at 8 o'clock precisely

COMMITTEE.

[illegible]

Gloves and Mittens,
WHOLESALE.
BOWEN & BROTHER.
☞ Removed to No. EIGHT Clark Street.

DEALERS will find the best stock in the market of Buckskin, Fur, India Rubber and Wool Gloves and Mittens. [illegible]
E. H. BOWEN. JAS. H. BOWEN.

Mrs. Barr's
SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,
55..........Michigan Street..........55.
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

MRS. BARR, in opening the above Institution for the Board and Education of Young Ladies, [illegible]

A Lecture once a week on a Scientific or Philosophical subject.

The year will be divided into Sessions of [illegible]

Hours of attendance from 9 A. M. to 12 M. and from 1½ P. M. to 4 P. M.

[illegible]

PUTNAM'S MAGAZINE.—Putnam for November can be had at BURLEY'S, 123 Lake st.

HARPER FOR NOVEMBER.—The above is just received and for sale by A. H. & C. BURLEY, 123 Lake st.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE.—November No. for sale by KEEN, BROTHER & CO., 148 Lake st.

GRAHAM'S MAGAZINE.—November No. for sale by KEEN, BRO. & CO., 148 Lake st.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK.—Godey's Lady's Book for November, for sale by KEEN, BRO. & CO., 148 Lake st.

BLEAK HOUSE.—Bleak House, by Chas. Dickens, complete edition, for sale by KEEN, BRO. & CO., 148 Lake st.

SHEET LEAD.—Now on hand and for sale by PITKIN, PITKIN & CO., 152 S. Water st.

SHEET ZINC.—Now in store and for sale by PITKIN, PITKIN & CO., 152 S. Water st.

TINNED COPPER.—Just received by PITKIN, PITKIN & CO., 152 S. Water st.

ROCK CANDY.—Red and White, a superior article. Just rec'd and for sale by McMILLAN.

WRIGHT'S AMANDINE.—A superior article for chapped hands, just rec'd and for sale by McMILLAN.

ALEXANDER'S PHILOCOTIC PASTE.—For removing superfluous hair, just received by McMILLAN.

PURE PORT WINE JUICE.—For medical purposes a superior article just rec'd by McMILLAN.

PALE OTARD BRANDY.—Warranted pure and unadulterated. Just rec'd by McMILLAN, Cor. Randolph and State sts.

TRANSPARENCIES.

MANUFACTURED to order, Gothic, Panorama, Cone, [illegible] WILLIAM R. OTTO, 71 Lake st.

RAIL ROAD SPIKES TO ARRIVE.

1000 KEGS [illegible] R. R. Spikes. [illegible] E. B. T. ARMSTRONG, Chicago.

WANTED.

TO RENT a large house suitable for a Boarding House [illegible]

STRAY CATTLE.

STRAYED [illegible]

JOHN PRINT.

Truth, Love, Purity, Fidelity.

RADIANT TEMPLE OF HONOR No. 5, [illegible]

AMUSEMENTS, ETC.

CHICAGO THEATRE.

LAST NIGHT OF THE OPERA.

On which occasion the entire Company, consisting of [illegible] members, will appear.

ON MONDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 31ST, Will be presented Bellini's Celebrated Opera

"LA SOMNAMBULA."

[illegible]

ADMISSION—[illegible]

☞ Doors open at [illegible]

BENEFIT BALL.
Break Her Down, BOYS!
EXCELSIOR ENGINE CO. No. 5.

THIS Company respectfully announce that their Third Annual Ball will take place on WEDNESDAY evening, November 2d, at the WEST MARKET HALL.

A FAIR,
FOR THE ANNUAL SUPPORT OF THE
Protestant Orphan Asylum,
Will be held in the
CITY HALL,
On Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, November 16th, 17th & 18th.

☞ Doors open at 3 o'clock P. M., and at 7 in the evening.

☞ All articles, either of refreshment or for sale, may be sent to the Hall after 9 o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, where a Committee will be in attendance to receive them. Any donations intended for the Society may be brought to the Hall at any time during the Fair.

ELECTION NOTICES.

FOR SCHOOL COMMISSIONER.

J. O. WILSON announces himself as a candidate for the office of School Commissioner for Cook County, and solicits the votes of his friends.

FOR SCHOOL COMMISSIONER.

☞ John W. Waughop respectfully announces to his friends and the public that he is a candidate for re-election to the office of School Commissioner of Cook County at the ensuing election, and solicits their votes.

COUNTY JUDGE.

THE undersigned respectfully announces himself a candidate for re-election as County Judge of Cook County, having served in the office for one term, faithfully, as he believes, he solicits the support of the voters at the ensuing election. HENRY L. RUCKER.

COUNTY CLERK.

☞ We are authorized to announce CHARLES R. FARWELL as a Candidate for County Clerk at the ensuing November Election.

TO THE VOTERS OF COOK COUNTY.

THE undersigned hereby announces himself a candidate for re-election to the office of Clerk of the County Court of Cook County, and respectfully solicits the votes of his friends for that office. EDMUND S. KIMBERLY.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR.

THE undersigned respectfully announces himself as a candidate for the office of County Surveyor. J. E. THOMPSON.

First Annual Report of the MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.

Arrangements have been made that the Printed Report of the different Committees and Awards will be published immediately on the closing of the Fair.

It will be printed in pamphlet form, for gratuitous distribution, forming a widely extended notice of all articles exhibited.

☞ A few Advertisements will be inserted in the above pamphlet, at moderate rates. Advertisements should be handed in early in the week, to LEWIS DODGE, Secretary of the Board of Directors.

Mechanic's Institute
TO
MANUFACTURERS OF MACHINERY, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, &c. &c.

THE BOARD of DIRECTORS of the MECHANICS' INSTITUTE have contracted for the erection of a Large and Commodious Building, north of the South Market in State street, where steam power will be furnished for the running of Machinery Exhibited; also for the better accommodation of Agricultural Machines and Implements of a heavy kind; Omnibuses, Carriages, etc. etc.

The Institute have gone to considerable expense in the same, but it is determined that nothing shall be wanted to make it a Fair.

THE FAIR.

The building will be ready on Saturday, Oct. 29.

AUCTION SALE BY CATALOGUE OF
200 LOTS,
Foreign and Domestic Dry-goods,
BY COIT, WELCH & CO.,
145..........SOUTH WATER ST..........145.

ON THURSDAY, November 3d, we will offer to the trade a large and attractive assortment of Goods for the Fall and Winter trade, consisting in part of— [illegible]

ALSO.

[illegible]

ALSO.

[illegible]

READY MADE CLOTHING.

[illegible]

MONEY.

A FEW thousand dollars to loan on good security, either for one year or a less time. Enquire of F. SCHALL WOODWARD, 71 Clark st.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THOS. B. BEEBE & CO. having associated with them Messrs. E. G. Merick and Isaac L. Lyon, their business in future will be conducted under the firm and style of BEEBE, MERICK & CO.

REMOVAL.

T. B. CARTER,

(Formerly 118 Lake St.,) Has removed to the new Store just completed,

NO. 136 LAKE STREET,

Where he is prepared to exhibit one of the richest and most attractive stocks of

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

ever offered in this city. [illegible]

A CARD.

THE undersigned beg to return his warmest thanks to his friends and customers [illegible] T. B. CARTER, 136 Lake st.

GEORGE A. MEECH,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY AND CONVEYANCER.
34..........CLARK ST..........34
Chicago, Illinois.

N. B. ELLS,
PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANT
OFFICE IN THE NEW BLOCK OF
WALTER & HODGERS,
No. 14..........Dearborn St..........No. 14.
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.
Cash advanced on Produce consigned for sale.

LARGE ARRIVALS
—OF—
FANCY GOODS
—AT—
142..........Lake Street..........142.
L. D. OLMSTED & CO.,
Have just received by Express large invoices of
Embroideries,
FANCY SILKS,
Ribbons
& TRIMMING GOODS,
To which they invite the attention of their customers.

REMOVAL.

WE have removed our Branch Store from No. 52 North [illegible]

ONE CARD STRIPED SILK.—[illegible]

DRESS GOODS.—[illegible] STANLEY, HUTCHINS & GOSS, One Price Store, 95 Lake st.

BROCHE SHAWLS—[illegible] STANLEY, HUTCHINS & GOSS, One Price Store, 95 Lake st.

NEW LAW BOOK.

UNITED STATES DIGEST.—[illegible]

POCKET AND TABLE CUTLERY.—[illegible] PITKIN, PITKIN & CO., 152 S. Water st.

The Daily Tribune.

LOCAL MATTERS.

DR. ELDER'S LECTURE.

The lecture by Dr. ELDER, before the [illegible] Institute, at the City Hall, on Saturday evening, was listened to by a large audience. [illegible] subject, "Instinct and Intuition," was [illegible]

[illegible]

The Daily Tribune.

LOCAL MATTERS.

DR. ELDER'S LECTURE.

The lecture by Dr. Elder, before the Mechanic's Institute, at the City Hall, on Saturday evening, was listened to by a large audience. The subject, "Instinct and Intuition," was one adapted to the comprehension of a mind thoroughly imbued with a religious nature, and alive to moral perceptions, like that of the lecturer, and though the lecture was evidently *ex tempore*, as indicated by its somewhat desultory character, it was intensely interesting.—The whole discourse was so thoroughly our in its character, that we should fail to do it justice, or to give the reader a correct understanding of it, by a short review or criticism. In a religious aspect, it was not exactly orthodox, nor yet was it heterodox,—but it was full of the thought of conscious spiritual existence. We trust the Doctor will not lose sight of the same subject in subsequent lectures. With a little more systematic arrangement of its parts and greater amplitude, it would occupy two short lectures, or one long one, and possess an interest that would leave a lasting impression on the minds of those who might be fortunate enough to hear it elucidated.

REV. ORVILLE DEWEY.—The Unitarian Church of this city was re-opened for religious services, yesterday morning, and the opening discourse was preached by the Rev. Orville Dewey, of New York,—the text being the 18th verse of the 28th chapter of Mathew.—"Go ye therefore and teach all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost."—The sermon was mainly doctrinal, and doubtless intended to give the audience a clear comprehension of the Unitarian idea of the Trinity. The illustrations were felicitous, and the whole discourse was marked as the emanation of a heart deeply imbued with love to the Lord and the Neighbor,—a fullness of that loving kindness and Christian Charity, without which all religious professions are as "old brass and tinkling cymbals." Dr. Dewey is not what many would call an eloquent man. The discourse was not marked by any flight of fancy, beautiful figure of speech, or rhapsodic climax. It was uttered in a quiet *talking* way; but there was a *something* about it that touched the heart, and created such an impression on the feelings as can only be received from those who entertain a very high order of religious inspiration.

It is to be regretted that no notice had previously been given of Dr. Dewey's presence in our city, and his intended discourse. We are confident there were very many who were ignorant of it, and who would not forego the opportunity of hearing him for any ordinary consideration.

GAVAZZI'S LECTURE THIS EVENING.

"Father Gavazzi," the Italian priest, is to lecture at Warner's Hall, this evening. We may be permitted to say that we have no predilections for such lectures, and the same is probably true of a large majority of our Protestant citizens.—Our prejudices, however, in this respect, were doubtless magnified very much by the disgraceful and disgusting character of the lectures of the notorious Leahey, several years ago. It is but just to Gavazzi to say that he appears to be a different kind of man,—his aim not being to stir up strife between Protestants and Catholics, but to expose the anti republican character of the Romish Church. Gavazzi was a republican priest, and a believer in religious liberty; which characteristics are deemed criminal at Rome, though honorable here. We have heard his lectures commended by Christian men in whose judgment and goodness of heart we have the fullest confidence; and to such as feel an interest in the subject of Papacy, we recommend his lecture. We have too much confidence in the good sense of those who will be likely to attend to suppose they can be imposed on by any erroneous statements he may possibly make.

THE ITALIAN OPERA.

It is so seldom we have the privilege of attending the opera, that an attempt at writing a scientific critique is entirely out of the question, but we cannot let the delightful entertainments with which we were favored last week, pass without a grateful notice.

We have already spoken of the pleasure with which we listened to Lucia de Lammermoor, on the evening of the Company's debut. This performance was so much more than satisfactory, that we awaited with high expectation and impatience the production of "Norma," on Friday evening. The distinguished reputation which the Prima Donna has achieved in the representation of "Norma," had already reached our ears, and had produced an intense desire to witness it; and had also prepared us partially for the delicious treat we were about to enjoy. On this occasion, De Vries "surpassed herself as she surpassed others," carrying the entire audience away from themselves, and all collateral attractions up into a very extasy of delight by the wonderful strength and sweetness of her voice, the almost inimitable grace of her action, the perfection of her cultivation, and the spirit beaming from her eye, and speaking from every movement. Her higher notes thrill through ones' ears, and steal away all consciousness of aught, save the intensest pleasure. The well filled house acknowledged her all controlling influence by their rapturous applause, and by calling her back after each part executed by her. Madame Sodenbourg, as Aldarisa, (also one of her favorite characters,) sustained De Vries in no unworthy manner, and brought to herself no little credit.

Signors Arnold, the tenor, and Coletti, the basso, both singers of great native and acquired talent, shone brightly, even in the dazzling light of De Vries. The choruses were all effective—some were magnificent, and alone was worth the price of admission.

No small need of praise is due to the indefatigable Arditi, the leader, director, and controller of the whole. By his unwearied and scientific exertions, the performance was kept up with spirit throughout—we doubt much whether his superior as a maestro can be found in the Union.

The Opera has been styled the amusement of the educated and idle—a thoughtless remark.—No person educated or uneducated, cultivated or uncultivated, if he has only the soul of a mosquito can listen to the performance of this admirable corps with insensibility.

This evening "*La Sonnambula*" is the bill.—If possible all who attend will do well to read the Opera before the representation, as it will aid vastly in the appreciation of the performance.—The plot in brief is this:—A lover suspects his betrothed of infidelity, and discovering her asleep on another's bed—is rendered frantic with passion. The mother informs him that she has been a somnambulist from her early days—induces him to watch one night for evidence of it. During this night, the maiden is seen to come forth from her chamber, and [illegible] air to an old mill, where by [illegible] dangers, as no conscious person would do, she solves the mystery, and thus furnishes incontestable proof of her innocence. This Opera is one of the most difficult in the representation, as well as one of the best ever composed. We earnestly hope that this excellent company will satisfy a crowded house of their ability to execute it.

YOUNG LADIES' SEMINARY IN CHICAGO.—It will be observed by a Card in another column that Mrs. Ram has established at 16 Michigan street, a Seminary for Young Ladies. By the advertisement, it will be seen that her course of instruction embraces all the branches taught in our best Female Colleges. Many of our citizens send their daughters to other States, to receive their education; but now that an institution is established in our midst, having for its object the education of females, we hope parents will encourage the proprietress by tendering their support.

FORTUNE TELLING.—It will be seen by advertisement that Madame Blanche, the Astrologist, [illegible] another week in this city, at the Merchant's Hotel.

There were two alarms of fire between 1 and 2 o'clock yesterday morning, on the North side. There was no great damage done.

ARRIVALS.—A large fleet of vessels arrived Saturday night and Sunday, mostly from Lake Erie. Among them, we noticed the barques Mary Stockton, and Canada; brigs Belle, Minnesota, Montezuma, and Globe; sch'rs. Henry C. Winslow, Hamlet, and Robt. Emmet.

The new boat for the Lake House Ferry was on the route yesterday. She can accommodate larger crowds than the old one, but cannot make much better time.

The public are notified through our advertising columns this morning, that Fresh Oysters are daily received at the Excelsior Saloon, No. 5 Clark street, and served in the best of style at reduced rates.

We call the attention of the reading public to the advertisement of the American Insurance Company, of Utica, N. Y. The names mentioned in connection with it are of the most reliable character. L. W. Clark, 100 Randolph street, is the authorized agent in this city, and will attend to any business that may be entrusted to him.

POLICE COURT.

Before Judge Rucker. There was a variety of business on Saturday morning—but the first case was a charge of drunkenness, as a matter of course.

Henry Singer, making a noise on Clark Street, near the St. Charles Saloon, and being drunk, resisting the Watch, &c., on Friday night. The witness endeavored to imitate the prisoner, which caused some merriment in Court. Fined $3.

George Bly, was found lying on the sidewalk, drunk. Said he was from Sheboygan and bound to Michigan, but the condition in which he was found justified the belief that he was in favor of patronizing the "underground railroad." He evidently found the route rather uncomfortable. Fined $1.

John Kennedy, went to a neighbor's house at midnight "to see the baby!" The husband being absent, his wife rushed into the street, and called for the Watch. There being no direct evidence against him, and the statement being his own explanation, he was discharged, with an admonition if he wants to "see the baby" in future to call at a more appropriate hour, and even then not to remain unless he is wanted.

Peter Mackintosh, drunk at midnight, and his appearance was sufficient evidence against him. Fined $3. Peter declared he wouldn't pay it, and used other insulting language, for which he was accomodated with 10 days extra in the Bridewell.

Michael Galvin, was arrested on Friday afternoon, charged with robbing Daniel Locklin of a one dollar bill, near the foot of La Salle street. Both were drunk at the time, and the appearance of Daniel's dial indicated that he suffered worse from hard blows than from the loss of the dollar. The evidence being sufficient to detain him, Michael was committed to jail, in default of $300 bail, to await his trial at the approaching term of the Recorder's Court.

Daniel Leonard, was arrested on Friday evening, at a house on the Sand, by information furnished by Wm. Reese and Gerry Flood, on a charge of committed rape on the person of a girl hardly 16 years of age, whose parents reside in this city, and are of respectable standing. The girl was employed on the canal boat *Queen*, of Joliet, as cook; and Leonard was one of the hands. From the evidence it appeared that the act was committed about a month since, on board the boat. Last Friday evening, he took her in a cab, promising to go to a dance. On arriving at the Sand, she refused to go in one of the houses, and was finally forced in. The keeper after questioning her, sent for the Watch, and had the rascal arrested. Leonard was committed to Jail, in default of $2,000 bail, to have his trial at the next term of the Recorder's Court.

A CARD.

In the report of the Water Commissioners to the Common Council of the 24th instant, I notice attempts and insinuations are made to array me in hostility to the Commissioners, and their Resident Engineer. I deny having any feelings of hostility whatever, either to the Commissioners or their Engineer, having never had any difficulty with any of them since the commencement of the works, and having no disposition to identify myself with any quarrels which they may have with others, I consider their insinuations entirely out of place, and uncalled for.

I was summoned before a Committee of the Common Council to answer certain interrogatories then put to me, and stated the truth to the best of my knowledge and belief. In regard to my opinion as to the qualifications of Mr. Smith as an architect, it is merely an opinion, yet I claim the right to express that opinion under such circumstances as I was placed, (viz: before a Committee of the Common Council) without being considered hostile to the Water Commissioners or their Engineer, and without being called to account and arraigned before the public in the manner in which I am in their report.

As to the matter of change in the plans of the Reservoir building, Mr. Smith says my statement was incorrect, as no changes had been made. I am yet positive as to some changes having been made in the foundation of the Reservoir building after I took my contract, and I think upon reflection, that Mr. Smith will also recollect them.

I have said this much in order to relieve myself from the false position in which the report of the Water Commissioners would seem to place me.

PETER PAGE.

LYON'S KATHAIRON.

The Kathairon neutralizes the effects of disease, climate and age [illegible] D. S. BARNES, Proprietor, 161 Broadway, N. Y.

Galena & Chicago Union Railroad Co.
SECRETARY'S OFFICE, Sept. 21st, '53.
NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.
NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the Galena and Chicago Union Railroad Company, that a call of the balance unpaid on the Capital Stock subscribed for the construction of the "Second Division" of said Road, has been made, payable at the Office of the Treasurer in Chicago, on the 1st day of February, 1854. By order of the Board. W. M. LARRABEE, Sec'y.

FOX RIVER VALLEY RAILROAD COMPANY.
NOTICE is hereby given to the Stockholders of the above Company that calls have been made upon the subscriptions to the Capital Stock thereof, and payable as follows, viz:
Five per cent. on the first day of November next.
Five per cent. on the first day of December next, and
Five per cent. on the first day of January next.
By the Board. A. J. WALDRON, Sec'y.

BALDNESS CURED.
EMERSON'S AMERICAN HAIR RESTORATIVE.
[illegible] WM. McMILLAN, corner Randolph and State street, Wholesale and Retail Agent for Chicago and surrounding country.

STRANGE DEVELOPMENTS.
[illegible]

EXCHANGE ON NEW YORK.
I am now selling Drafts on New York for Chicago and New England Notes. [illegible] F. G. ADAMS, Exchange Broker.

COMMERCIAL.

CHICAGO MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE, Saturday evening, Oct. 29.

We have nothing new to notice in reference to the Produce market.

Receipts are light, and as is usual on Saturday, dealers generally withdrawn from the market.—We notice sales and nominal rates as follows:

FLOUR—60 bbls "winter Wheat" (St. Carroll) brand, at $5,12½.

BUCK-WHEAT FLOUR.—There is more offering, and the price is a shade lower. [illegible]

WHEAT.—[illegible]

CORN.—[illegible]

OATS.—[illegible]

RYE.—[illegible]

BARLEY.—[illegible]

SEEDS.—Timothy $3, and Flax $1 ♥ bu.

BUTTER.—[illegible]

EGGS.—Unchanged at 12c.

POTATOES.—Steady at [illegible]

HIGH WINES.—[illegible]

In other matters we hear of no change.

RECEIPTS BY G. & C. U. RAILROAD, Oct. 29. [illegible]

Canal Receipts. [illegible]

Canal Shipments. [illegible]

BUFFALO MARKET.—Oct. 29. [illegible]

NEW YORK MARKET.—Oct. 29. [illegible]

PORT OF CHICAGO.

ARRIVED—Oct. 29. [illegible]

CLEARED. [illegible]

CANAL—ARRIVED. [illegible]

CLEARED. [illegible]

WANTS.

WANTED—[illegible]

BOARDING. [illegible]

BOARD WANTED. [illegible]

JOURNEYMAN SHOEMAKERS WANTED. [illegible]

A SITUATION [illegible]

WANTED IMMEDIATELY. [illegible]

A SALESMAN. [illegible]

AN EXPERIENCED TEACHER. [illegible]

WANTED IMMEDIATELY. [illegible]

WANTED. [illegible]

WANTED.
AT MRS. ANDERSON'S [illegible] MILLINERY [illegible]

AN EXPERIENCED LUMBERMAN. [illegible]

TO WHOLESALE MERCHANTS.
TO RENT—[illegible] CLARK & LORING.

WANTED—OLD COPPER AND BRASS [illegible] NUGENT & OWEN.

DR. PRIDE & CO.'S
Great Northwestern Musical and Dental Emporium.
66.........Lake Street.........66.

DOCTOR CARY. [illegible]

MILLINERY.
MRS. THOMAS.

WEST SIDE PROPERTY.
250 [illegible]

5,000 [illegible]

20,000 [illegible]

DRY GOODS
AT WHOLESALE.
KEEP, HARMON & Co.,
211......South Water St......211.

Fall and Winter Dry Goods,
Which Dealers are invited to call and examine Before purchasing elsewhere,
AS THEY WILL BE SOLD AT VERY LOW PRICES.

New Mail Arrangement.

POST OFFICE CHICAGO. [illegible] ISAAC COOK, P. M.

CHICAGO BOOK TRADE
S. C. GRIGGS & CO.,
111..........Lake Street..........111.
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS—Wholesale and Retail.

Catalogue of Music Books,
For sale by S. C. GRIGGS & CO., Chicago.
[illegible]

English & American Slates,
AT WHOLESALE.
[illegible] S. C. GRIGGS & CO.

75,000 GRAVES' WHITE SLATE PENCILS. [illegible]

OWENS' GEOLOGICAL SURVEY. [illegible]

TO MEDICAL MEN AND STUDENTS. [illegible]

BLANK BOOKS FOR THE MILLION. [illegible]

AMERICAN INSURANCE COMPANY.
UTICA, N.Y.
DIRECTORS. [illegible]
OFFICERS. [illegible]

100 COPIES MORE.
A TRUE LIFE—[illegible] D. B. COOKE & CO., 125 Lake st.

30,000 COPIES PUBLISHED IN SIX MONTHS. [illegible]

WILLIAM E. OTTS.
No. 71, Lake Street [illegible]

BY TELEGRAPH

EXPRESSLY REPORTED FOR THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE.

LOSS OF THE STEAMER MINNESOTA.

BUFFALO, Oct. 29.

We learn from the officers of the Propeller Fintry, which arrived this morning from Detroit that the Ste'r. Minnesota, Capt. Bennett, bound from Chicago to Buffalo, with a cargo load of Produce, went ashore on the rocks about half a mile above Waldron, near the Detroit River, on Thursday night last at 10½ o'clock. Her crew were brought down by the Fintry. The Minnesota was bound from Chicago, and had on board 1,000 bushels of seed; 4,000 bushels of wheat; 10,000 bushels of oats; 7000 barrels of flour, and 8 or 9 tierces of rice. The rice and wheat were consigned to Lee, Abell & Co. The cargo will prove a total loss. The vessel was insured for $20,000—$10,000 in the Sun Office, and $10,000 in the Mutual Insurance Company.

PROP. NEW ENGLAND ASHORE.

BUFFALO, Oct. 29.

We learn that the Prop. N. England bound from Buffalo to Chicago, went ashore night before last on the Canada shore, near Long Point. She had on board 300 tons merchandise.

THE STEAMER LOUISIANA DISABLED.

BUFFALO, Oct. 29.

The steamer Ohio, which arrived at noon had in tow the steamer Louisiana which had broken down between Dunkirk and Erie on Thursday last.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.

The *Union* of this morning has a long article on the alleged scheme to Africanize Cuba, and republished Judge Bronson's letter of 1848.

The *Sentinel* had a powerful article in defence of Mr. Bronson, and condemning the policy of the administration. It calls on the national Democrats North and South to oppose it.

The Richmond *Enquirer* is also out against the removal of Mr. Bronson, saying the administration is taking sides where there is the least political purity and patriotism, and with men that will betray them and the South.

The *News* says the payment in the Collins case, of $100,000, was had by Geo. Law, who then cleared himself as surety.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 29.

New Orleans papers of Monday are received. The Charleston *Mercury* says the frost of Tuesday night extended throughout the cotton regions, and had severely injured the crop.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.

The steamship Atlantic sailed to-day with 96 passengers and $49,900 in specie.

The steamer from Bremen and Southampton arrived at 7 o'clock, and brings 270 passengers.

Mitchell, the patriot, sailed from Sidney on the 21st July, in the bark Orkney, for the Sandwich Islands.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.

The Metropolitan Hotel has been sold for $900,000 to A. T. Stewart, dry goods merchant.

Judge Conklin, late United States Minister to Mexico, arrived here yesterday, from Vera Cruz.

BOSTON, Oct. 28.

At the Democratic Convention at Plymouth yesterday, it was resolved that the removal of Col. Bronson, of New York, when he attempted to disregard the principles in which the union of the democracy was effected, deserves, and will receive the support of all true friends of democratic principles.

Fears are entertained that the steam tug Ajax, of New York, foundered in the gale on Monday night. She was last seen off Chatham on her way to this city—since which nothing has been heard of her. She had on board twelve men.—St. Johns' papers state that the gale of Monday night, was the hardest one of the season. Many vessels with their valuable cargoes were driven ashore.

HEAVY MARINE LOSSES.

BOSTON, Oct. 27.

The ships President, Wm. Sturgis and Lapland, ashore on the coast of Maine and New Brunswick, are insured in the city for over $150,000.

VERMONT LEGISLATURE.

MONTPELIER, Oct. 27.

Balloting for Governor was resumed in the Legislature, to-day. The first ballot resulted as follows:—Fairbanks, Whig. 102; Robinson, Dem. 117; Brainard, F. S., —.

Second ballot—Fairbanks 104. Robinson 116, Brainard 17.

LATER.

The third ballot elected Robinson, Dem. by 8 majority.

GREAT FIRE IN LOCKPORT—LOSS $125,000.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., Oct. 28.

A fire broke out last night about 12 o'clock, in the Pail and Tub Factory of Bass & Kilbora. The fire destroyed the large Flouring Mill of Douglass & Jackson, together with a Saw Mill and canal bridge. The loss of Douglas & Jackson is about $125,000. Insurance on the mill, $26,000.

RHEUMATISM CURED.
[illegible]

AUSTRALIA.
PIONEER LINE.
[illegible] PORT PHILLIP [illegible]

Paged Blank Books.
[illegible]

PAGING MACHINE.
[illegible]

To the Ladies.
[illegible]

CALVERT & BARSTOW,
Having moved into their Large and Splendid Marble Front Store,
134..........LAKE STREET..........134.
Are prepared to offer to the public the largest and most desirable stock of
HATS, CAPS AND FURS,
[illegible]

The Ladies
[illegible]

CHILDREN'S HATS AND CAPS.
[illegible]

Oysters, Oysters!
[illegible]

200 [illegible]

70 [illegible]

NEW YORK CITY BUSINESS DIRECTORY.
The following list of Business Firms are among the best and most reliable in the City of New York.

Dry Goods.
[illegible]

CLOTH GOODS.
[illegible]

CLOTHING.
[illegible]

DAGUERREOTYPES.
[illegible]

DRUGGISTS.
[illegible]

ENGRAVERS.
[illegible]

EXPRESS.
[illegible]

FANCY GOODS.
[illegible]

GUNS AND SPORTING APPARATUS.
[illegible]

GOLD MINING CO.
[illegible]

HARDWARE &c.
[illegible]

HATS, FURS, &c.
[illegible]

HOT AIR FURNACES, &c.
[illegible]

INDIA, CHINESE AND PERSIAN GOODS.
[illegible]

INDIA RUBBER GOODS.
[illegible]

LIGHTNING RODS.
[illegible]

MACHINERY AND MACHINE TOOLS.
[illegible]

MARBLE, [illegible]

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.
BRUNO & CARGILL, 21 Maiden Lane, [illegible]

OILS.
[illegible]

PENCILS.
[illegible]

PAPER WAREHOUSE.
[illegible]

STATIONERY WAREHOUSE—WHOLESALE.
[illegible]

SAFES.
[illegible]

TOYS AND FANCY GOODS.
[illegible]

WINES, BRANDIES AND HAVANA CIGARS.
[illegible]

WINDOW GLASS, PAINTS, &c.
[illegible]

FOUNTAIN OF LIGHT.
PURE PHOSGENE GAS.
[illegible]

The Great Sea Monster. [illegible]

INSURANCE.

Home Insurance Company,
NEW YORK.
CASH CAPITAL [illegible]

INSURANCE.
WADSWORTH & LOUNSBURY,
INSURANCE AGENTS.
PROTECTION INSURANCE COMPANY.
HARTFORD, CONN.
CONNECTICUT FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
SPRINGFIELD FIRE AND MARINE INS. CO.
ATLANTIC FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO.
PROVIDENCE, R. I.
WESTERN MASS. FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
PITTSFIELD, MASS.
HARTFORD LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
[illegible]

THE MUTUAL BENEFIT
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
[illegible]

1853. 1853.
Sixth Annual Fair
OF THE
Chicago Mechanics' Institute
To Commence on the First TUESDAY in November, 1853, at
SOUTH MARKET HALL.
IN ANNOUNCING to the Public that the Board of Directors [illegible] THE CHICAGO MECHANICS' INSTITUTE [illegible]

Durkee's Celebrated Chemical Yeast or Baking Powders.
[illegible]

OPINIONS OF THE PRESS.
[illegible]

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY!!
[illegible]

MISCELLANOUS.

La Pierre House,
PHILADELPHIA,
OPEN FOR THE ACCOMMODATION OF GUESTS Thursday Sept. 29th, 1853.
[illegible] PROPRIETORS.

PASCHALL WOODWARD,
Attorney & Counsellor at Law,
OFFICE 73 Clark St. [illegible] Chicago, Illinois.

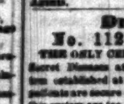
Pennsylvania Coal.
[illegible] C. A. REED.

Fur Goods. Fur Goods.
500 [illegible]

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE. [illegible]

CO-PARTNERSHIP. [illegible]

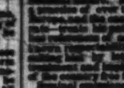
Hardware at Wholesale.
PITKIN, PITKIN & CO.,
[illegible]
No. 103, SOUTH WATER ST., CHICAGO.



[illegible]

2,000 GLS SPERM OIL. [illegible] THOMAS T. HYDE.

GOOD EATING AND HEALTH.



[illegible]

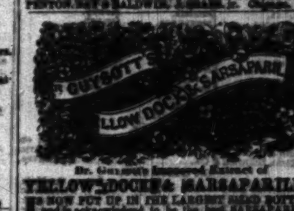
Dr. D's Office,
No. 112 WELLS STREET.
THE ONLY CERTAIN REMEDY FOR THE CURE OF [illegible]

Mattrass and Bedding Warehouse
E. B. WINBOLT,
PRACTICAL UPHOLSTERER.
[illegible]

Smith's Tonic Syrup,
OR
VEGETABLE FEBRIFUGE
A Speedy, Safe and Certain Cure for
AGUE AND FEVER, DUMB AGUE, CHILL FEVER, REMITTENT AND INTERMITTENT FEVERS.
[illegible]

ONE MILLION OF CASES.
[illegible]

GREAT MISTAKES.
[illegible]



YELLOW DOCK & SARSAPARILLA!
[illegible]

NEVER FAILING REMEDY!

Holloway's Ointment.
[illegible]

AMUSEMENTS, ETC.
CHICAGO THEATRE.
LAST NIGHT OF THE OPERA.
On which occasion the entire Company, consisting of [illegible]
ON MONDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 31ST,
Will be presented Bellini's Celebrated Opera
"LA SOMNAMBULA."
[illegible]

BENEFIT BALL.
Break Her Down,
BOYS!
EXCELSIOR ENGINE CO. No. 3.
[illegible]
WEST MARKET HALL.

A FAIR,
FOR THE ANNUAL SUPPORT OF THE
Protestant Orphan Asylum,
Will be held in the
CITY HALL,
On Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, November 16th, 17th & 18th.
[illegible]

ELECTION NOTICES.
FOR SCHOOL COMMISSIONER.
[illegible]
FOR SCHOOL COMMISSIONER.
[illegible]
COUNTY JUDGE.
[illegible] HENRY L. RUCKER.
COUNTY CLERK.
[illegible]
TO THE VOTERS OF COOK COUNTY.
[illegible] EDMUND S. KIMBERLY.
FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR.
[illegible]

First Annual Report of the
MECHANICS' INSTITUTE.
[illegible] LEWIS DODGE, Secretary of the Board of Directors.

Mechanic's Institute
TO
MANUFACTURERS OF MACHINERY, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, &c. &c.
THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE MECHANICS' INSTITUTE [illegible]
THE FAIR.
The building will be ready on Saturday, Oct. 29.

AUCTION SALE BY CATALOGUE OF
200 LOTS,
Foreign and Domestic Dry-goods.
BY COIT, WELCH & CO.,
145..........SOUTH WATER ST..........145.
ON THURSDAY, November 3d, [illegible]

REMOVAL.
T. B. CARTER,
(Formerly 119 Lake St.,) Has removed to the new Store
NO. 136 LAKE STREET,
[illegible]
FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,
[illegible]

A CARD.
[illegible] T. B. CARTER.

GEORGE A. MEECH,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY AND CONVEYANCER.
54..........CLARK ST..........54.

E. B. ELLS,
PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANT
OFFICE IN THE NEW BLOCK OF
WALTER & HODGERS,
No. 14..........[illegible]..........No. 14
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

LARGE ARRIVALS
—OF—
FANCY GOODS
—AT—
142..........Lake Street..........142.
L. D. OLMSTED & CO.,
Have just received by Express large invoices of
Embroideries,
FANCY SILKS.
Ribbons
& TRIMMING GOODS,
To which they invite the attention of their customers.

REMOVAL.
[illegible]

NEW LAW BOOK. [illegible]

BANKS

E. K. SWIFT'S EXCHANGE OFFICE.

EXCHANGE

INSURANCE

FORWARDING & COMMIS'N

FORWARDING & COMMIS'N.

TRANSPORTATION

TRANSPORTATION.

TRANSPORTATION.

HARDWARE.

CLOTHING

GROCERIES

Choice Family Groceries

GITY BANK

Current Deposits.

Commercial Exchange Company

BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE

Cutter, Brodhead & Clapp,

CHICAGO OIL STORE.

HARDWARE

INSURANCE

ROCHAWAY VALLEY

Farmers Insurance Company.

HELDEN & TRACY

FLANDERS & WADSWORTH

RAYMOND & VAIL

FORWARDING & COMMISSION MERCHANTS

JOHN MURRAY

Forwarding & Commission Merchant

1853. ISAAC D. HARMON & CO.

Forwarding & Commission Merchants

1853. 1853.

Forwarding and Commission Merchant

Forwarding and Commission Merchants

Missouri Chemical Works

GROCERIES, SALT, COAL, &c.

Western Stone Line.

Forwarders & Commission MERCHANTS

DANIEL HALL

Forwarding & Commission Merchant

HOUGHTELING & SHEPARD,

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS

New York and Michigan Line

Forwarding and Commission Merchants

Chicago Paper Depot

Germania Gilt Moulding.

Mitchell's School Geography and Atlas.

Michigan City Railroad Car

FARE REDUCED.

Michigan Central Railroad.

Illinois and Michigan Line

FACKET LINE.

MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILROAD

Chicago to New York and Boston

New York, Boston and Philadelphia.

Notice to Western Travelers.

Pennsylvania and Ohio Rail Route.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

THROUGH TO FREEPORT.

CHICAGO TO PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, OHIO, PITTSBURGH AND WHEELING.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH

Michigan Southern & Northern Indiana Rail Road.

TOLEDO, NORWALK AND CLEVELAND RAIL ROAD.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAIL ROAD.

INDIANAPOLIS AND LAFAYETTE RAILROAD.

FOR CLEVELAND, DUNKIRK AND BUFFALO.

New York Central DOUBLE TRACK RAILROAD

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

New Albany & Salem R. R.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

CHICAGO TO PHILADELPHIA, BALTIMORE, OHIO, PITTSBURGH AND WHEELING.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH

Michigan Southern & Northern Indiana Rail Road.

TOLEDO, NORWALK AND CLEVELAND RAIL ROAD.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAIL ROAD.

INDIANAPOLIS AND LAFAYETTE RAILROAD.

FOR CLEVELAND, DUNKIRK AND BUFFALO.

New York Central DOUBLE TRACK RAILROAD

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

New Albany & Salem R. R.

Mail Steamer

Mail Road.

St. Louis and La Salle Daily PACKET LINE.

RAIL ROAD LINE.

CHEAP STEAM COMMUNICATION

BETWEEN PHILADELPHIA AND NEW YORK.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

From Chicago to Buffalo and Machinac.

FARE REDUCED.

For Grand Haven.

1853 Fall Arrangement. 1853

BOOTS & SHOES.

BOOTS AND SHOES AT WHOLESALE.

NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE

REMOVAL

R. E. BARBOUR

Boots, Shoes, and Ready-made Clothing

REMOVAL.

FRENKLA TRUNK MANUFACTORY.

TRUNK EMPORIUM.

JOHN C. GARLAND.

G. O. THOMPSON & CO.

BOOTS, SHOES AND RUBBERS,

127 & 129 South Water Street.

Fall and Winter Trade.

REMOVAL.

FRENKLA TRUNK MANUFACTORY.

TRUNK EMPORIUM.

JOHN C. GARLAND.

Iron Warehouse.

E. G. HALL & CO.

IRON WAREHOUSE.

209 SOUTH WATER STREET.

E. G. HALL & CO.

EDWIN HUNT'S BRANCH OF HIS NEW YORK HARDWARE STORE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

(SIGN OF THE PADLOCK.)

SPRING AND SUMMER CAMPAIGN 1853.

THE SUGAR LOAF STORE.

LEADS THE COLUMN.

VULCAN IRON WORKS.

KENSON & CRANE.

CHICAGO WIRE WORKS

SNOW & HOOK.

New Hardware Establishment

HAMPSHIRE, MURPHY & CO.

E. G. SIZER & CO.

Cast Wheel Mana. activorl.

CINCINNATI, CLEVELAND AND CHICAGO.

DRUGS & MEDICINES.

Drug and Prescription Store.

WM. McMILLAN.

BUSINESS CIRCULAR.

ELY & BROTHER.

Drugs at Wholesale.

DRUGS, &c.

2,800 GALLS ALCOHOL

Williams, Lill & Co.

MANUFACTURING

Clothing and Furnishing Goods

JEWETT, WATES & JOHNSON.

Clothing at Wholesale.

HUNTINGTON & CO.

Clothing and Furnishing Warehouse.

KANDLE & THOMAS.

KIDGSON & PERRY

CLOTHING AND FURNISHING STORE.

FASHIONABLE TAILORING.

ELY & BOWDITCH.

For the Fall & Winter Trade

HARRIS & LADD'S

NEW GOODS!

WILLIAM GILMAN & CO.

Merchant's Exchange Clothing

Stanley, Hutchins & Dunn.

MILLINERY.

Dress Patterns and Dress Making.

W. K. STOW & CO.

Bonnets and Millinery Goods, Silks,

MILLINERY EMPORIUM.

Burwell & Powers,

Fall and Winter Trade.

Fairbank's Patent Scales.

W. G. CHAMBERLAIN'S DAGUERREOTYPE MINIATURES.

Gilchrist's Piano Fortes.

ILLINOIS AND WISCONSIN

THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE

BUSINESS CARDS.

DOCT. DUCK,

DR. C. TOEPFER, GERMAN HOMŒOPATH, CHICAGO.

MRS. O. L. RAWSON, M. D.

DR. WILCOX, Dentist,

DENTISTRY.